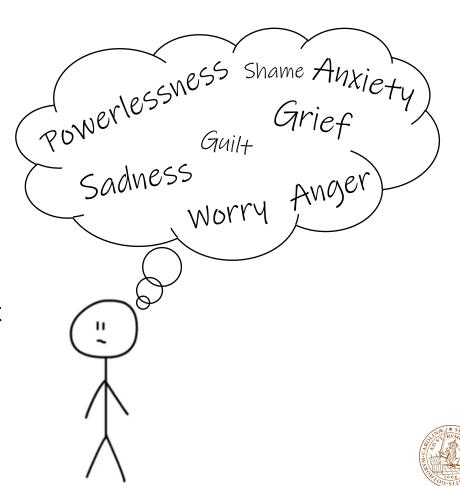


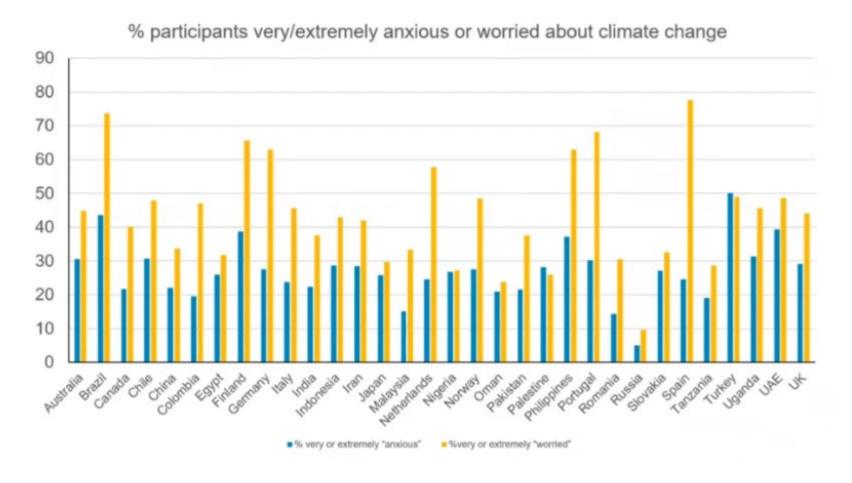
### What is eco-anxiety?

#### Different definitions:

- "apprehension and stress about anticipated threats to salient ecosystems" (Cunsolo et al., 2020, p. e261)
- "persistent feelings of worry, anxiety, dread, or doom regarding environmental degradation and the impacts and implications of climate change on our planet as a whole" (Passmore et al., 2022, p. 3)
- "the generalized sense that the ecological foundations of existence are in the process of collapse" (Albrecht, 2012, p. 250)



## Worry & anxiety about climate change globally





## Young people's worries about climate change

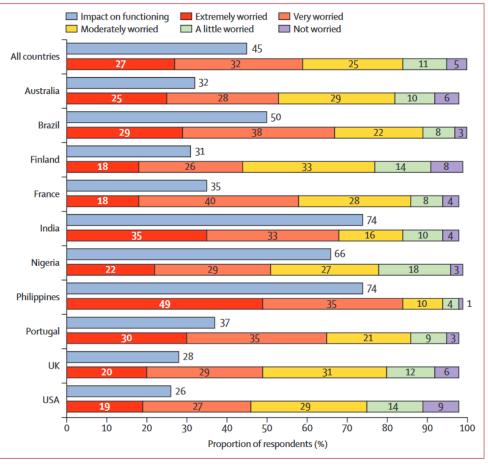
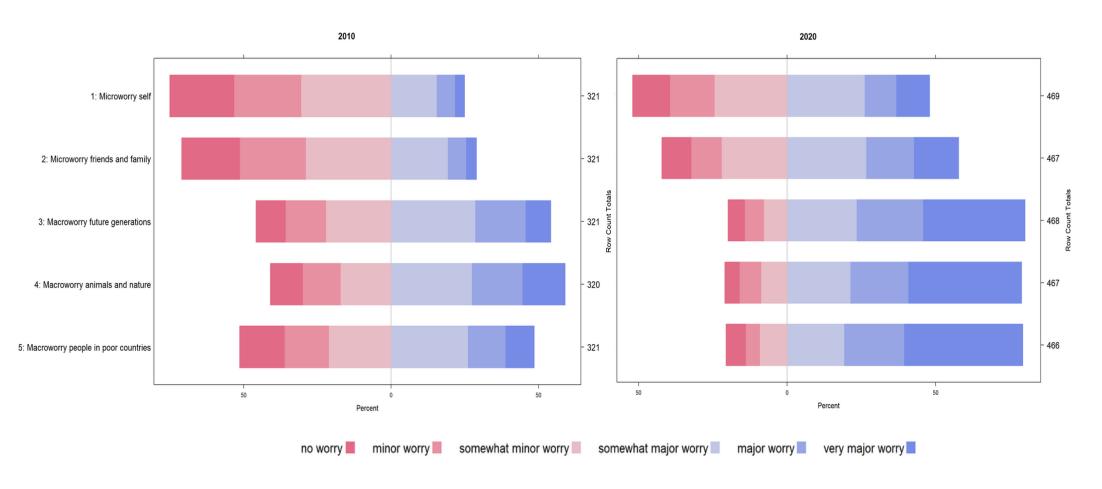


Figure 1: Worry about climate change and impact on functioning



### Young people are increasingly worried





### Climate anxiety triggers

- Different paths of exposure:
  - Direct physical experience of the consequences of climate change (e.g., flooding, wildfire) (HEEREN ET AL., 2022; SIMON ET AL., 2022, aber kleine Korrelationen)
  - In the Global North often social representation of climate change/interpretation (instead of direct physical experience)
    (CRANDON ET AL., 2022) → learning and thinking about climate change
- Appraisal theories of emotion (e.g., Lazarus, 1991): appraisals cause emotions

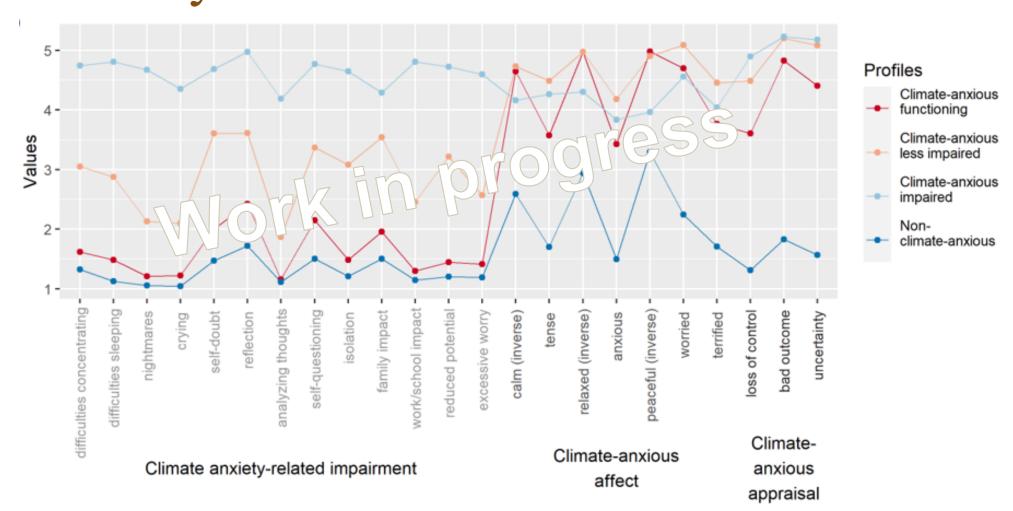


# What is the difference to other types of anxiety?

- Characteristics of anxiety (Lazarus, 2001):
  - Threat appraisal
  - Often existential
  - Loss of control/powerlessness
  - Future-oriented
  - Uncertainty
- Climate anxiety: Rational reaction to an existential threat
  - Not pathological (i.e., not a disorder)



## Different configurations of climate anxiety







Im uncomfortable. Shield of Safety cars create pollution... polar bears are dying... we're heating the planet... Act Now!

### Coping with climate anxiety





## Talking about uncomfortable emotions





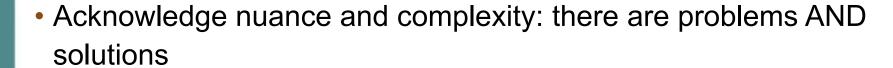




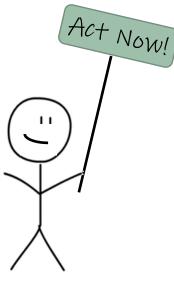
- Join with others who also have uncomfortable climate feelings
- Create protected spaces to talk about feelings and to be in those feelings and process them → it's okay and healthy to have these feelings
- Allow disturbing feelings → they communicate something important about the world (there is a problem) and about us (we care)
- Acknowledge that we all have different ways of dealing with our feelings
- Acknowledge that difficult, uncomfortable feelings are a part of life and make sense ("you need to acknowledge the negative in order for the positive to arise" - Ojala, 2022)
- Communication that strengthens needs (empathy, creating trust)







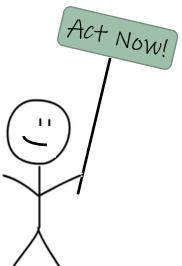
- Talk about solutions
  - What is already happening?
  - What is possible?
- Getting or staying active and celebrating successes
- Changing the narrative of what environmental action means → Creates hope and drives environmental action





Social





## Coping with climate anxiety in higher education

- Integrate critical emotional awareness in teacher trainings (Ojala, 2022)
  - Giving educators tools to learn about and develop emotional competencies so that their students can learn about and develop emotional competencies
- Give educators time and resources to integrate emotion work in teaching
- Have institutional discussion and maybe policies how to deal with climate anxiety in students and staff
- University as a powerful institution that can act in more or less climate-friendly ways → responsibility
  - Anxiety is often about inactivity of powerful actors



